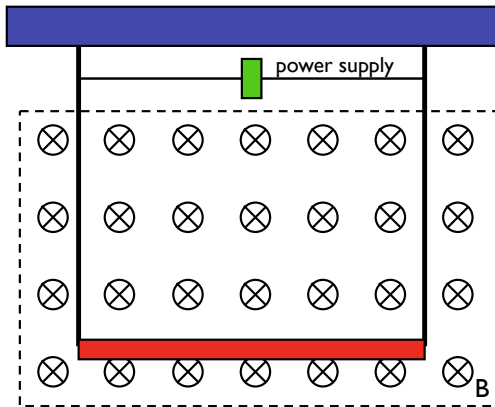


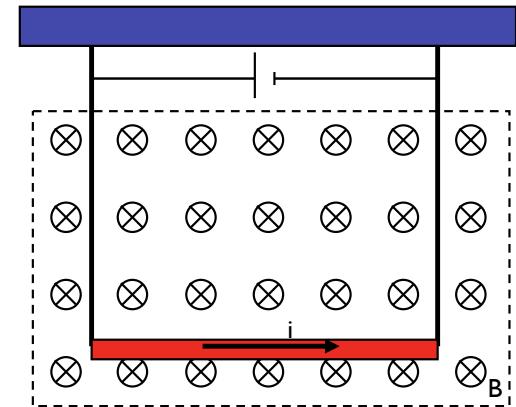
### Problem 19.20

A conductor suspended by two flexible wire has a mass per unit length of .04 kg/m. What current is required (and in what direction must the current flow) to support the conductor in equilibrium if the magnetic field strength is 3.6 Teslas?



1.)

A conductor suspended by two flexible wire has a mass per unit length of .04 kg/m. What current is required (and in what direction must the current flow) to support the conductor in equilibrium if the magnetic field strength is 3.6 Teslas?



$$\sum F_y :$$

$$iLB\sin\theta - mg = ma_y$$

$$iL(3.6 \text{ T})\sin 90^\circ = [(0.04 \text{ kg/m})L](9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

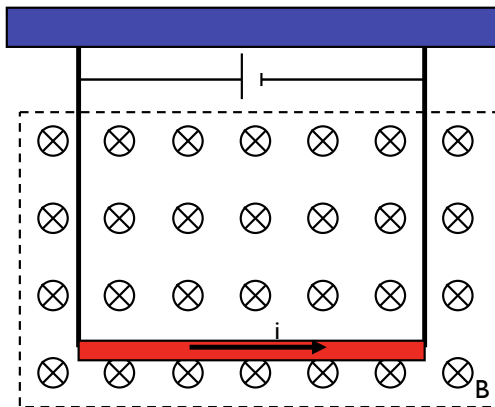
$$i = \frac{(0.04 \text{ kg/m})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)}{(3.6 \text{ T})}$$

$$i = .109 \text{ amps}$$

3.)

A conductor suspended by two flexible wire has a mass per unit length of .04 kg/m. What current is required (and in what direction must the current flow) to support the conductor in equilibrium if the magnetic field strength is 3.6 Teslas?

The current must flow such that  $iL \times B$  yields a force upward. Using the right-hand rule, that direction must be as shown. As for the math:



2.)